

# Carbon Footprint Report 2024 of Encavis

## Management Summary

**Project Target:** The project target was to calculate a Corporate Carbon Footprint (CCF) for Encavis AG ("Encavis"). The calculation is based on internationally recognized standards for CCF calculation, in particular the Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (GHG Protocol) especially Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard<sup>1</sup>. The emission balance is reported in CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents (CO<sub>2</sub>e). Reference year for the emissions balance is the calendar year 2024.

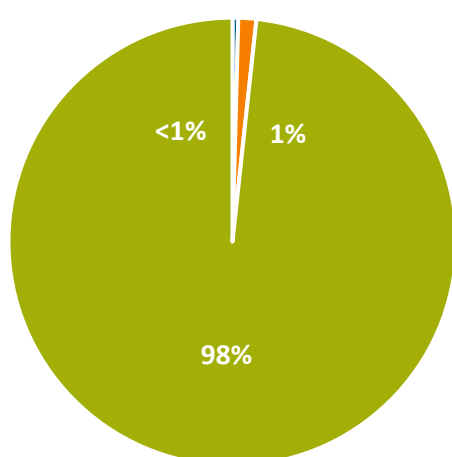
The inventory boundaries of the CCF are composed of the organizational and operational boundaries. For the present CCF the organizational boundaries are determined by:

- **Operational Control:** The reporting company reports 100 percent of the GHG emissions from those (affiliated) companies over which it has operational control.

The operational boundaries are determined by:

- **Scope 1 – Direct emissions:** These are GHG emissions occurring from sources that are owned or controlled by the company such as emissions from fuel consumption of vehicles, combustion (boilers, furnaces etc.) and chemical production.
- **Scope 2 – Indirect GHG emissions:** These are GHG emissions from purchased electricity or district heating consumed by the company.
- **Scope 3 – Other indirect GHG emissions:** These are GHG emissions which are indirectly emitted due to activities by the company. This can include emissions of purchased products or services, waste, commuting and work travel.

**Encavis - Carbon Footprint 2024:** The calculated total carbon footprint amounts to **145.736t CO<sub>2</sub>e**



■ Scope 1 ■ Scope 2 ■ Scope 3

Scope	Value	Unit
Scope 1	602	t CO2e
Scope 2*	1.892	t CO2e
Scope 3	143.242	t CO2e
Total CF	145.736	t CO2e
*market-based		
Sum location-based: 3.752 t CO2e		

<sup>1</sup> Standards available at <http://www.ghgprotocol.org/standards/>

The resulting data quality rating for the overall result is **“Fair”**, corresponding to a bandwidth of **+/- 15-30%**. All results are based on the information provided by Encavis and should be considered preliminary. DFGE recommends conducting further investigation to improve data quality.

**Encavis – Carbon intensity.** Based on the data provided by Encavis for the year 2024, the following emission intensity metrics have been calculated:

Intensity metric	Value	Unit
Emissions per unit of revenue	357	t CO <sub>2</sub> e/million EUR
Emissions per FTE	362	t CO <sub>2</sub> e/FTE
Emissions per floor area	20	t CO <sub>2</sub> e/m <sup>2</sup>
Emissions per nominal capacity <sup>2</sup>	64	t CO <sub>2</sub> e/MW
Emissions per produced energy <sup>3</sup>	0,04	t CO <sub>2</sub> e/MWh

With over 94% of total emissions, capital goods (Scope 3.2) are the main drivers of Encavis' carbon footprint. The construction of new wind and solar parks as well as the acquiring of those parks play a major role here. The second most important category is Purchased Goods & Services (Scope 3.1) with 3%. Here, as well, investments in wind and solar parks in the construction phase are particularly significant. In Scope 2, the purchased electricity is essential, in Scope 1 it is the vehicle fleet. Compared to Scope 3 those emissions are neglectable, however for achieving science-based targets they are relevant as well.

The methodological background, detailed results for all categories, used data sources as well as a detailed data quality assessment and much more are presented in the detailed carbon footprint report.



<sup>2</sup> For the nominal power only the parks of the AG were considered.

<sup>3</sup> Based on the AG Parks